



We Romans deigned a fantastic way of adding and subtracting... I challenge you to solve my problems.

	<b>V</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>M</b>
	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1000</b>

Two things you must know:

1: A letter after a larger value letter means you add it:

E.G. XI is  $10 + 1 = 11$  or CX is  $100 + 10 = 110$

2. A small valued letter before a big one means you take it away:

E.G. IX is  $10 - 1 = 9$  or XC is  $100 - 10 = 90$

Work out what numbers these Roman numerals represent

1. CLVI = \_\_\_\_\_      3. MMCL = \_\_\_\_\_      5. MMCCCLIX = \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. CCLVII = \_\_\_\_\_      4. MMMCCLX = \_\_\_\_\_      6. MCCCCLVIII = \_\_\_\_\_

Write these numbers in Roman Numerals

1. 107 = \_\_\_\_\_      3. 5600 = \_\_\_\_\_      5. 7321 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. 1300 = \_\_\_\_\_      4. 6753 = \_\_\_\_\_      6. 5764 = \_\_\_\_\_

Challenge:

Solve these roman number sentences, write the answer in numbers.

1. MCLX + CLVIII =      2. MMCLXI + CLVI =      3. MMMCXXVI + MMCLXIX =  
 4. MCLXIV + MCXIV =

Solve these number sentences; write the answer in roman numerals.

1.  $912 + 126 =$       2.  $6532 + 1542 =$       3.  $3587 + 5451 =$   
 4.  $3452 + 2547 =$       3.  $4657 + 2435 =$

Mr Spencer says that  $MCL + CLV = MMCCV$ . Is he correct? Explain your answer.

Mrs Fenton says that  $CCLVII + CLVI = CI$ . Is she correct? Explain your answer.